

**Horizontal Clearances** 

# Climate Change Risk Register

STOCKINBINGAL TO PARKES REVIEW OF ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS



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Albury to Illabo and Stockinbingal to Forbes Packages Revision Date: 12-05-21 Document: 2-0008-210-ESS-00-RG-0001

Risk Re	ef Climate Hazari		Direct/ Indirect Risks	Adaptation inherent in design / operations (inc. ARTC Operational Procedures)	Likelihood Safety	2030 Init Con Liu au cial	Environmental Regulatory Reputational	Schedule Max Conse quence	t ysia Risk	Like lihood Safety	Assets Financial	riviron mental Regulatory Renutational	Schedule Max Consequence	nt Initial Risk	Stockinbingal to Forbes	Albury	Lockhart / Greater Hume Annue Manna Manna		-	Additional Adaptation Actions (Inland Rail Climate Change Risk Assessment Framework)	A2I Design Adoptation Actions	Likelihood	Safety Assets	Reassesed Risk Consequence Linaurical Acional Bag Inational Bag Rebriational	Assessm Max Consequence	tent Ysiy pessessee B	Like lihood Safety Assets	Financial Consedner Environmental Regulatory	Reputational S chedule Max Consequence	ssment Keassesseg B
IR CCR 1	Temperature increase - More ho days and warm spells	Risk to health and safety of staff or visitors working along the rail corridor D through heat stress or heat related illness	Direct	Pre work brief Monitoring and responding to extreme weather events Access to corridor Night working across the Nullarbor Heat stress training Hazards and new miss reporting First aid training.	C 2		1	2	LOW - 2C	C 2		1	2	LOW - 2C	x	x	xx	: :	th	arning from other locations to ensure a consistent approach across A Nutralian Network (e.g. expanding night works) ply learnings from hazard and near miss reporting	Not applicable to design	с	2	1	2 1	LOW - 2C	C 2		1 2	LOW - 2C
IR CCR 2	Temperature increase - More hc days and warm spells	Risk to business continuity ot as a result of heat event (e.g. increased incidence of delayed services	Direct	Monitoring and responding to extreme weather events Business continuity plans for each site ETM-606680 Managing Track Sabality, TTM-606807 Malaginement (Ruckle Report ETI-66-07 Responding to Buckles Put speed restrictions in place (more cautious in Jan and Feb due to succertainty of how work upgrades will perform)	в	1 2		2	MED - 2B	A	1 2		2	MED - 2A	x	x	хх	: :	in ac	future consider impacts on contracting and reliability criteria, justing level of service offering	Not applicable to design	в	1	2	2	MED - 2B	A 1	2	2	MED - 2A
IR CCR 3	Temperature increase - More he daya and warm spells	t Increase in hot days resulting in track twitting (buckling) which could lead to derailment of trains along the rail line	Direct	Monitoring and responding to extreme weather events ETM-66-66 Managing Track Stability ETM-66-66 Talkagiment/Buckle Report ETI-66-07 Responding to Buckles Part gased netricitions in place (more cardination Jan and Feb due to concertainty of how work upgrades will perform)	D 3	3 1		3	LOW - 3D	C 3	3 1		3	MED - 3C	x	×	x x	: 2	ea Re th Se Er ac	sure stress free temperature is monitored and issues are identified r/y; cogning trigger points for speed restrictions when temp reached in r rail signing for future extreme temper atures (e.g. turn outs and grade particulor). Instrument the tack, sure and enforce high quality of the build/welds and track justment ess Free Temperature monitoring instrumentation to the rails	Where track slewing or track re-construction is being undertaken, - Ensure stress free temperature is monitored and issues are identifie early. - Answer the stress of the speed restrictions when temp reache - Stress and enforce high quality of the build/ webs and track adjustment - Stress are Compensature most origin instrumentation to the rails - Impection and maintenance proceedure to observe and action throughout operation.		33	1	3 1	LOW - 3E	D 3 3	1	з	LOW-3D
IR CCR 4	Temperature increase - More ho days and warm spells	Decreased efficiency and more frequent outages of electrical (track switches, signalling, etc.) and communication systems	Direct	Standards and type approvals Redundancies and continuity plans Run under degraded conditions as per ARTC standards	c	1 1		1	LOW - 1C	в	1 1		1	LOW - 1B	x	×	x x				N/A to Design scope. Signalling scope of works by ARTC	с	1	1	1	LOW-1C	В 1	1	1	LOW - 1B
IR CCR 5	·	Increased extreme temperature and solar exposure may lead accelerated degradation of materials and reduced life of structures (bridges, crossings, track)	Vicent	Type approval process General standards	c	1		1	LOW-1C	B	1		1	LOW-1B	x	×	xx		r		ASS100 Bridge Design standards incorporates maximum temperatur Recommend in Detailed Design stage that temperatures be reasseated for annihity of accounts of cimitant brange projections. Protecture coating to account for ingiter UV ratings expected, and may have implications on reapplication schedule.	c.		1	1	LOW - 1C	в	1	1	LOW - 1B
IR CCR 6	Temperature increase - More ho days and warm spells	Extreme heat leading to increased power demand and/or failure of power ot infrastructure (i.e. substations, LV/HV switchboards) resulting in interruptions to <sup>II</sup> power mains supply with increased frequency and duration of power outages	ndirect	Redundancies and continuity plans Business continuity plans Remote sensing and remote monitoring Run under degraded conditions as per ARTC standards	с	2		2	LOW - 2C	в	2		2	MED - 2B	x	x	x x	: 3	fu to Co ar	view and retrofit for new technologies and improvements (ongoing), ure proof to ensure alternative power sources are possible. Keep up date. nsider asset replacement time horizons to ensure appropriateness dualtability for service. Forward mainteenance strategy (trial, test d approval) and normanidet erweip eriods.	Not spplicable to design	D	2		2 1	LOW - 2D	C 2		2	LOW - 2C
IR CCR 7	Temperature increase - More ho days and warm spells	Increased incidence of extreme heat limiting the ability for ARTC to attract In workers due to undesirable conditions	ndirect	Staff survey and feedback process	c	2		2	LOW - 2C	в	2		2	MED - 2B	x	x	x x		t ot	tractive salary and workforce reward systems (competition with her industries i.e. mining companies in parts of the country) mmon issue for many companies in response to heat so will be an ustry wide response.	No design adaptation actions.	с		2	2	LOW - 2C	в	2	2	MED - 2B
IR CCR 8	Temperature increase - More hc days and warm spells	ot Rolling stock or hot works igniting fire due to hot, dry and windy conditions	Direct	Hot works procedure during extreme temperature (total fire ban, hot works application to go through) Welders qualified for managing heat and hot works (with rural fire brigade) Monitoring of noise and temperature of wheels and brake assembly. If temperature reaches a certain limit it will alsel operating staff.	C 2	2	2	2	LOW - 2C	B 2	2	2	2	MED - 2B	x	x	x x	: :	In co sti Re	future stiguisting requirements around rolling stock in customer intracts (however don't want to exclude thing who can't afford new xk). where waysleb device placement and strategy for the luture to luble more at certain key points in the network.	No design adaptation actions, only operational adaptation actions.	в	2 2	2	2 1	MED - 2B	B 2 2		2 2	MED - 2B



						2030 Init	ial Risk Asse	ssment		2090 I	nitial Ris	k Assessi	nent			Applicabil	ity					2030 Re	assessed R	sk Asse	sment	2090	Reassesser	d Risk Ass	assment
Risk Re	f Climate Hazard	Risk impact description	Direct/ Indirect Risks	Adaptation inherent in design / operations (inc. ARTC Operational Procedures)	Likelihood Safety	Assets Financial	Environmental Eavironmental Regulatory annental Reputational annental a	S chedule Max Consequence	Likelihood	Safety Assets Financial	Environmental Regulatory	Reputational a	Max Consequence Initial Risk	Stockinbingal to Forbes	Albury	Lockhart / Greater Hume	wagga wagga	Junee	Additional Adaptation Actions (Inland Rall Climate Change Risk Assessment Framework)	A2I Design Adaptation Actions	Likelihood	Sarety Assets Financial <mark>6</mark>	Environmental Regulatory Reputational	Schedule Max Consequence	Reassessed Risk	Likelihood Safety Assets	Financial Environmental Regulatory	Reputational Schedule Max Consequence	Reassessed Risk
IR CCR 9	Solar radiation	Increase in solar radiation, resulting from decrease in cloud cover may result in potential increase in periods of direct sunshine - potential glare issues during rail operation, reducing safety			C 1			1 LOW	-1С В	1			1 LOW-	18 X	x	x	×	×		No design adaptation actions.	в 1	L		1	LOW-1B	B 1		1	LOW - 1B
IR CCR 10	Increased intensity of extreme rainfall events	Risk to health and safety of staff (e.g. conductor, emergency crews) working along the rail corridor due to velocity an flow of flooding (e.g. flash flooding events)	d Direct	Monitoring and responding to extreme weather events procedure (code red, amber and black procedure)	C 2			2 LOW	-2С В	2			2 MED -	2в х	x	x	x	×	Connect with and learn from emergency services, establish communications channels and procedures. More training on emergency event response	Not applicable to design	C 2	2		2	LOW - 2C	В 2		3	MED - 2B
IR CCR 11		More intense nainal (and increased randf volume from catchment) could leads to flooding (racks and saset), inundation of oainage infrastructure an damage due to scoar		Monitoring and responding to extreme weather events procedure linking fail ally dological risk assessment framework instand fail ally dological risk assessment framework Modelling verification in areas requiring flood works permits. Modelling verification in areas requiring flood works permits. dological sector and the sector of the sector of the permits.	C 2	3 1	1	3 MED	-3С В	331		1	3 HIGH 3B	x	x	x	x	x		Qualitative flooting assessment completed as part of the options assessment phase. Intuffer conductation of fooding is to be under taken in detailed design phase, including flood modeling at some last to determine impacts of CP3. Security in a constraint of a ACTC Ontrace thinge framework. Sign: The existing fooding at the Lackhan River Bridge is unchanged as a bridge modification works only. Works do not impact the bridge waterway area. Existing immunity is therefore maintained. The existing flooding at the forber yard charances is unchanged as waterway area. Existing immunity is therefore maintained. At other horizontal Clearance sites are not impacted by flooding and therefore existing minunty is unchanged.	C 2	2 3 1	1	3	MED - 3C	B 3 3	1	1 3	HIGH - 38
IR CCR 12	Increased intensity of extreme rainfall events	More intense rainfall could lead to flooding of tracks and assets, inundation of drainage infrastructure reducing the safety of running conditions with resultin service disruption.	Direct	Monitoring and responding to extreme weather events procedure Inland Rail hydrological risk assessment framework inclusive of climate change impacts	C 2	3		3 MED	- 3С В	3 3			3 HIGH 3B	×	×	x	x	x	Design for retrofit upgrade (e.g. raking track, glued ballast) - in 30 years time there will be additional rainfall and runofi data to assess finance dange mpacti. Review risks in line with updrates to the ARR guideline (about every 30 wers/line raine with a sectrome Rodong event (e.g. overlogeng, 15% event becomes a 5% event). Then multi-citeria analysis to determine what actions to take to reduce rais.		C 2	2 3		3	MED - 3C	в з з		3	HIGH - 3B
IR CCR 13		Increase in intense rainfall could result in overtopping leading to damaged infrastructure	n Direct		с	3 3		3 MED	-3C B	4 3			4 V HIG) 4 48	· x	x	x	x	x	Climate change should be looked at upfront to inform designs (RCP8.5 rather than analysis at end. Non-greenfield projects should also consider RCP8.5.	Qualitative flooding assessment completed as part of the options assessment phase. Further consideration of flooding is to he undertainen in distuide discign phase, including flood modeling at some sites to determine impacts of <i>ROPLS</i> scenario in accordance with ATC Clinate Clamp Framework. Where identified, opportunities for improvements/adaptations is included in the design documention.	D	33		3	LOW - 3D	C 4	3	4	HIGH - 4C
IR CCR 14		Longitudinal scour through water runnin along embankment, impacting on embankment.	Ng Direct		C 2	2 2		2 LOW	-2С В	3 3 3			3 HIGH 3B	×	x	x	x	x		Drainage and flooding velocities at rail embankment considered in assessment, and appropriate protection provided. RipRap or other matress type erosion controlling systems used.	C 2	2 2 2		2	LOW - 2C	в 3 3	3	3	HIGH - 3B
IR CCR 15		Inundation of adjacent road network an signalling equipment causing potential isolation of assets due to flooding		Run under degraded conditions as per ARTC standards	C 2	2		2 LOW	-2С В	2 2			2 MED -	28 X	x	x	x	x	Similar to above Plus solar back-up on most level crossings and minimisation of number of level crossings	Qualitative flooding assessment completed as part of the options assessment phase. Further consideration of flooding is to be undertaken in detailed design phase. Including flood modelling at some sites to determine impacts of RCPR.5 scenario in accordance with ARTC Climate Change Framework. Where identified, opportunities for improvements/adaptations is included in the design documention.	C 2	2 2		2	LOW - 2C	B 2 2		2	MED - 2B
IR CCR 16		More intense rainfall could lead to flooding of tracks and assets, inundation of drainage infrastructure, increasing maintenance and insurance premiums costs.		Monitoring and responding to extreme weather events procedure Inland Rail hydrological risk assessment framework inclusive of climate change impacts	в	1		1 LOW	-18 A	2			2 MED -:	2A X	x	x	x	×		Qualitative flooding assessment completed as part of the options assessment phase. Further consideration of flooding is to be undertaken in detailed design phase, including flood modelling at some sites to determine impacts of RCPLS scenario in accordance with ARTC Gimate Change Framework. Where identified, opportunities for commarker moving assessment completed as part or the options	в	1		1	LOW - 1B	A	2	2	MED - 2A
IR CCR 17	Increased intensity of extreme rainfall events	Inundation of adjacent road network impacting on ability of emergency response to reach the corridor	Direct	Out of inland rail control	c		2	2 LOW	-2C B			2	2 MED -	2в х	×	x	x	×		assessment phase. Further consideration of flooding is to be undertaken in detailed design phase, including flood modeling at some sites to determine impacts of RCP8.5 scenario in accordance with ARTC climate Change Framework. Where identified, opportunities for memory and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state.	с		2	2	LOW - 2C	в		2 2	MED - 2B
IR CCR 18	Increased intensity of extreme rainfall events	Water damage to signaling, substations and electrical circuitry may result in disruption to electricity supply thereby impacting the functionality of level crossings, signals and utility supply	Direct/ Indirect	All signaling equipment installed above 1%AEP Monitoring and responding to extreme weather events in procedures when level crossings fail feedmatner (threadwise ways power suggest, solar / batteries, with up to 48hrs power.	D	2 1		2 LOW	- 2D C	2 1			2 LOW-:	2C X	×	x	x	x		Not applicable to design	D	2 1		2	LOW - 2D	C 2	1	2	LOW - 2C

# NSD

### Inland Rail Climate Change Risk Register - Albury to Illabo and Stockinbingal to Parkes Project Albury to Illabo and Stockinbingal to Forbes Packages

Revision Date: 12-05-21	Document: 2-0008-210-ESS-00-RG-0001

							tial Risk A		t	2		al Risk As	ssessmen	nt		Applica	bility						Reassessed Risk As	sessment		2090 Re	assessed R	tisk Asses	sment
Risk Ref	Climate Hazard	Risk impact description I	Direct/ Indirect Risks	Adaptation inherent in design / operations (int: ARTC Operational Procedures)	Likelihood Safety	Assets Financial 0	Environmental Regulatory	Reputational 6 Schedule Max Consequence	Initial Risk	Like lihood Safety	Assets Financial Environmental	Regulatory according accor	Schedule Max Consequence	Initial Risk	Stockinbingal to Forbes	Albury Lockhart / Greater Hume	e 38eM e 88e M	Junee	Additional Adaptation Actions (Inland Rail Climate Change Risk Assessment Framework)	A2I Design Adaptation Actions	Likelihood	Safety Assets	Financial Environmental Regulatory Reputational Schedule	Max Consequence	keassesed kisk Likelihood	Safety Assets	Environmental Regulatory Remutational	Schedule Max Consequence	Reassessed Risk
IR CCR 19	Increased intensity of extreme rainfall events	Extreme rainfall leading to flooding/standing water resulting in the increased presence/risk of disease and water-borne pathogens impacting the health and safety of employees	irect	Pre work brief Work method statements	E 2			2	LOW - 2E	D 2			2	LOW - 2D	x	x x	×	×		Not applicable to design	E	2		2 LOW	/-2E D	2		2	LOW - 2D
IR CCR 20	Increased intensity of extreme rainfall events	Extreme rainfall and flooding resulting in delays to construction schedule and cost Di impacts	lirect	Project planning for maintenance activities consider seasonal variables	c	3		4 4	HIGH - 4C	с	3	4	4	HIGH - 4C	×	x x	x	x	Ensure planning for maintenance activities reflect seasonal variables. Ensure maintenance planning activities are reviewed and procedures modified over time to account for seasonal variables.	Not applicable to design	с		3 4	4 HIGH -	4C C		3 4	4 4 4	HIGH - 4C
IR CCR 21	Increased intensity of extreme rainfall events	Uncertainty of extreme rainfall events/flooding behaviour impacting on design conditions/requirements. [Over or under design risks]	ndirect	Sensitivity analysis as part of the hydrological risk assessment framework	E	4		4	LOW - 4E	E	4		4	LOW - 4E	x	x x	x	x		A blockage factor of 20% has been considered in design and no change to existing or proposed track immunity is predicted.	E		4	4 LOW	/-4E E		4	44	LOW - 4E
IR CCR 22	Increased intensity of extreme rainfall events	Extreme rainfall and flooding causing damage to non-rail structures potentially Di impacting operations	irect	Ability to comment on land developments on adjacent properties	D	3		3	LOW - 3D	c	3		3	MED - 3C	×	x x	x	×	Ensure that the ability to comment on land developments is maintained through the asset design life.	Not applicable to design	D	3		3 LOW	-3D C	3		3	MED - 3C
IR CCR 23	Increased intensity of extreme rainfall events	Increase in intense rainfall could result in regional isolation and/or service interruption due to flooding along the 1,700-km route	irect	Inland Rail hydrological risk assessment framework inclusive of climate change impacts Property strategy to deal with severance issues	c	2		2	LOW - 2C	c	2		2	LOW - 2C	×	x x	x	×		commerce mooning assessment competence as part or use opnores assessment phase. Further consideration of flooding is to be undertaken in detailed design phase, including flood modelling at some sites to determine impacts of RCP8.5 scenario in accordance with ARTC (limate change Framework. Where identified, opportunities for parameters and indentified in the detailed as the detailed as the phase and the state of the state of the detailed as the detailed of the detailed as the state of the	с		2	2 LOW	/-2C C	2	2	2	LOW - 2C
IR CCR 24	of extreme rainfall events	The projected periodic extreme dry and wet periods may increase the potential for erosion of subtrate and ballest materials, causing increase washout. This Di could cause infrastructure in stability, train derailment and disruption in the event of collapse.		Track inspection procedure Review and update in accordance with any updates to standards	D	33	:	3 3	LOW - 3D	c	3 3	3	3	MED - 3C	x	x x	x	×	Routine LIDAR runs to determine mast/Joil changet/movements. Install track inspections and monitoring stations to check in on these changes especially in wherable areas. Proximity sensors.	Routine impections to be undertaken throughout operation in accordance with ARTC standards.	D	3	3 3	3 LOW	1-3D C	3 3	3	3	MED - 3C
IR CCR 25	of extreme rainfall	Increased intense nainfall and flooding resulting in score duringe to adjuscent Di properties	irect	Agronomy assessment in Nydrology design Consultation as part of EIS	c	2		3 3	MED - 3C	8	2	3	3	HIGH - 3B	x	x x	x	×	Callect baseline photographic evidence of current conditions (visual montoring/diapidation survey). Especially useful for new greenfield lites. Calmeras on monitoring vehicles/trains (AK cars – three monthly). Updating commissions and operational monitoring. – Go-Pro on drones and GPS spec checks.	Flood assessment completed to demonstrate afflux, velocity and hazard are compliant against the impact criteria to minimise site risk where possible.	D		2 3	3 LOW	1-3D C	2	2 3	: 3	MED - 3C
IR CCR 26	of extreme rainfall	Potential blockages of drainage infrastructure caused by the movement Di of debris during flood.	lirect		с	2		2	LOW - 2C	в :	2		2	MED - 2B	x	x x	x	x		A blockage factor of 20% has been considered in design and no change to existing or proposed track immunity is predicted.	D	2		2 LOW	(-2D C	2		2	LOW - 2C
IR CCR 27	Increased intensity of extreme rainfall events	Increased rainfall leading to rise of groundwater, increase in salinity and Di reduced durability of materials.		No inherent design or operational adaptation	D	2		2	LOW - 2D	D	2		2	LOW - 2D	x	x x	x	x		Potential for coatings systems or increased cover of reinforced in concrete structures if evidence of increased salinty is probable and assessment of structures durbability iis instructed. TBC at detailed design.	D		2	2 LOW	-2D D		2	2	LOW - 2D
IR CCR 28	of extreme rainfall	Increased rainfall intensities leading to greater discharges, which leads to increased hydraulic impacts (e.g. afflux) on adjacent properties	lirect		c		2 2 3	2 2	LOW - 2C	в		3 3	3 3	HIGH - 3B	x	x x	x	x	Insurance only valid if not fore-seeable so premiums will likely then go up, may need to renegotiate. Reassess rainfall data and re-run models to check what impacts are now likely to affect adjacent properties (number of properties in the 15 Az# P doogdum are change - the second se	Flood assessment completed to demonstrate afflux, velocity and hazard are compliant against the impact criteria to minimies site risk where possible.	D		222	2 LOW	1-2D C		3 3	33	MED - 3C
IR CCR 29	Decrease in average	Structural deterioration, soil subsidence, erosion, movement and cracking as a result of increased variability of periods of wetting and drying, reducing integrity of tracks, bridges, embankments and signalling infrastructure with potential structural failure	irect	Basis of design Real time monitoring of track conditions	E	4 3		4	LOW - 4E	D ·	4 3		4	MED - 4D	x	x x	x	×		ARTC to carry out asset maintenance regime.	E	4	3	4 LOV	/-4E D	4	3	4	MED - 4D

## wsp



					2030 1	Initial Risk Asse	essment		2090 Initi	al Risk Asse	ssment			Applicabil	ity					2030 Rea	ssessed Risk	Assessment	20	90 Reasses	sed Risk Ass	essment
Risk Ref C	Climate Hazard	Risk impact description In	Direct/ Adaptation inherent in design / op Risks	perations oo ures) 역		Fundation Environmential Regulatory Reputational	Schedule Max Consequence Initial Risk	Likelihood Safetv	Assets Financial	Regulation and an	Aax Consequence	Stockinbingal to Forbes	Albirv	Lockhart / Greater Hume	Wagga Wagga		n Actions (Inland Rail Climate isessment Framework)	A2I Design Adaptation Actions	Likelihood Safety	Assets Financial	Environmental Regulatory Reputational Cebodulo	Max Consequence Reassessed Risk	Likelihood Saferv	Assets Financial Environmental	Regulatory Reputational Schedule Max Consequence	Reassessed Risk
IR CCR 30 De rai	ecrease in average infall	Structural deterioration, soil subsidence, erosion, movement and cracking as a result of increased variability of periods of Dis wetting and drying causing increases in monitoring and maintenance programs	rect Basis of design Real time monitoring of track conditions	с	2	2	2 LOW-2	СВ	2		2 MED	-28 X	x	x	x	X Ensure real-time monitoring of t future monitoring technology is	track conditions is maintained and s considered to mitigate this risk.	Routine inspections to be undertaken throughout operation in accordance with ARTC standards.	с	2		2 LOW-	2С В	2	3	MED - 2B
IR CCR 31 we	crease in extreme eather events and orms	structures due to higher wind speeds and failing debris requiring repairs and/or replacement and an increase in capital costs	rect Vegetation management Extreme weather redundancies	c	2	2	2 LOW-2	c c	3		3 MED	-3C X	x	×	x	x		Ausets to be in protective endourse where necessary. Wind loading (ASI270) standard incorporated in neight and serveit assessment to be undertaken with provided limite charge projections. Landscipe/civil scope to limit extent of objects that have potential t become failing debris (detailed design to consider).	D	2		2 LOW-	2D C	3	3	MED - 3C
IR CCR 32 we	crease in extreme eather events and orms	Storm events resulting in closure of rail line (due to damage to communications equipment, for safety purposes or loss of Din power supply/increased frequency and duration of power outages) with subsequent delays	Monitoring and responding to extreme weat events procedure Land form procedure Run under degraded conditions as per ARTO standards	D	3		3 LOW-31	D C	3		3 MED	-3C X	x	x	x	x		Not applicable to design	D	3		3 LOW-	3D C	3	3	MED - 3C
IR CCR 33 we	crease in extreme	Storm events and subsequent higher	rect/Indir Monitoring and responding to extreme wea t events procedure Run under degraded conditions as per ARTG standards	D	3 3	3 2	3 LOW-31	D C	3 3	2	3 MED	-3C X	x	x	x	x		Not applicable to design		33	2	3 LOW-	3D C	33	2 3	MED - 3C
IR CCR 34 we	eather events and	Structural integrity of construction materials may be affected by extreme Dir wind speeds.	rect	D	2 2	2	2 LOW - 2	D D	2 2		2 LOW	- 2D X	×	x	x	x		TBC with structural engineer for wind loading and inclusion of climat change conditions in standards applied at detailed design stage. Wind loading (AS1170) standard incorporated in design and sesnsitiv assessment to be undertaken with provided climate change		2 2		2 LOW-	2D D	2 2	2	LOW - 2D
IR CCR 35 Ha	arsher fire- eather conditions	Smoke from bushfires limiting visibility resulting in increased risk of freight Dir disruptions and/or cancellations	Monitoring and responding to extreme weat events procedure Run under degraded conditions as per ARTO standards		2		2 LOW - 21	D C	2		2 LOW	- 2C X	×	x	x	x		assessment to be undertaken with provided climate change Not applicable to design	D	2		2 LOW-	2D C	2	2	LOW-2C
	arsher fire- eather conditions	Bubfire damaging call infrastructure inglands, conscisse infrastructure e- inglands, conscisse infrastructure e- requiring increased operational costs)	Material durability	pes not D	3	3	3 LOW-3	рс	3		3 мер	-3C X	×	x	x	x		Designed in protective enclosures where necessary. Landscape,Civil scope to limit extent of objects that have potential t increase builtire danger for assets (detailed design phase to confirm	) E ].	3		3 LOW-	3E D	3	з	LOW-3D
	arsher fire- eather conditions	Risk to health and safety of staff working along the rail corridor due to inhalation of Di bushfire smoke and proximity to flames	Pre work brief Monitoring and responding to extreme wea events procedure	ather D	2		2 LOW-21	D C 2			2 LOW	-2C X	×	x	x	x		N/A to Design scope. Operational procedure to cover	D 2			2 LOW-	2D C 2		2	LOW - 2C
IR CCR 38 Ha	arsher fire- eather conditions	Bushire events leading to damage to power supply infrastructure or a need to cut supply resulting in interruptions to power supply (practivity signaling and free communications equipment) with increased frequency and duration of power outages	direct Redundancies built in	D	3		3 LOW - 31	DС	3		3 MED	- 3C X	x	x	x	x		N/A to Design scope, ARTC in control of signalling and comms contro Operational procedure to cover	İs. E	3		3 LOW-	3E D	3	3	LOW - 3D
	arsher fire- eather conditions	Bushfire event resulting in surrounding community using the rail corridor as Inc access/egress	direct Under direction of EMS	D	2	2	2 LOW - 2	D C	2	2	2 LOW	- 2C X	x	x	x	x		Not applicable to design	D	2	2	2 LOW-	2D C	2	2 2	LOW - 2C
		Bushfire events resulting in closure of	direct Existing risk	E	4	4	4 LOW-4	E E 4		4	4 LOW	-4E X	×	x	x	x		Not applicable to design	E 4		4	4 LOW-	4E E 4	1	4 4	LOW - 4E

wsp



Albury to Illabo and Stockinbingal to Forbes Packages Revision Date: 12-05-21 Document: 2-0008-210-ESS-00-RG-0001

						2030 Init	tial Risk A	Assessmen	t	2	090 Initi	ial Risk	Assessme	ent		Appl	licability				2	2030 Re	assessed	Risk Ass	essment	20	90 Reasses	sed Risk As	sessment
Risk Ref	Climate Hazard		Direct/ Indirect Risks	Adaptation inherent in design / operations (inc. ARTC Operational Procedures)	Likelihood Safety	Assets Financial 00	Environmental Regulatory	Reputational n Schedule Max Conse quence	Initial Risk	Like lihood Safety	Assets Financial 0	Environmental Begulatory	Reputational 8 Schedule	Max Consequence Initial Risk	Stockinbingal to Forbes	Albury	Lockhart / Greater Hume Waeea Waeea	Junee	Additional Adaptation Actions (inland Rail Climate Change Risk Assessment Framework)	A21 Design Adaptation Actions	Likelihood Safety	Assets Financial	Environmental Regulatory	Reputational 8 Schedule	Max Lonæquence Reassessed Risk	Likelihood Safetv	Assets Financial Environmental	Reg ulatory Reputational Schedule	Reassessed Risk
IR CCR 41	Harsher fire- weather conditions	Bushfire event along the Inland Rail corridor resulting in stoppage of freight along the rail and subsequent seering of community evacuation and CFA access/egress points	Indirect	Existing risk Monitoring and responding to extreme weather events procedure Under direction of EMS (signalling equipment is fire resistant) Reducing severance in considered in basis of design	D	4		4	MED - 4D	с	4		4	HIGH - 4C	×	x	x x	x	Expand early warning network for fire (currently mainly used for flood) Trains adviced to not leave mayor centres and if no assessment is possible then the network is its down driven difficult in fire due to uncertainty of fire behaviour, this should improve with time with real- time data collection). Grade separations in high risk areas (over bridge).		D	4			4 MED - 4D	c	4		HIGH - 4C
IR CCR 42	Harsher fire- weather conditions	Bushfire event along the Inland Rail corridor resulting in stoppage of freight along the rail and subsequent impacts on customers good not being delivered	Indirect	Monitoring and responding to extreme weather events procedure Under direction of EMS (signalling equipment is fire resistant)	с		:	2 2	LOW - 2C	в			2	2 MED - 28	x	x	x x	x		Not applicable to design	c			2	2 LOW - 2C	в		2	MED - 28
IR CCR 43	Multi-hazard (flooding and warmer days)	Changing climatic conditions leading to the spread of weeds and water-bourne pathogens, reducing the productivity of farms and subsequently the demand for ARTCs services		Agronomist assessment	с	1		1	LOW - 1C	в	1		:	1 LOW-18	x	x	x x	x		Not applicable to design	с	1			LOW-1C	в	1		1 LOW-18