

# **Meeting minutes**

Scenic Rim and Ipswich Community Consultative Committee meeting

Date / Time	Location
7 December 2023 5:30-7:00pm	Rosewood Uniting Church Hall

Chair Kathy Baburin Secretariat Laura Jarman Distribution All members

## Attendees

- Robert Collett (RC)
- Robyn Keenan (RK)
- Narrella Simpson (NS)
- Rosemaree Thomasson (RT)
- Phillip Bell (PB)

- Fleur McPherson, EIS Delivery Specialist (FM)
- Harry Lister, Stakeholder Engagement Advisor (HL)
- Jacqui Neill, Corporate Affairs Manager (JN)
- Max Nichols, Acting Area Director (MN)
- Bill Quince, Program Property Director (BQ)
- Shakira Sellen, Stakeholder Engagement Advisor (SS)

# **Apologies**

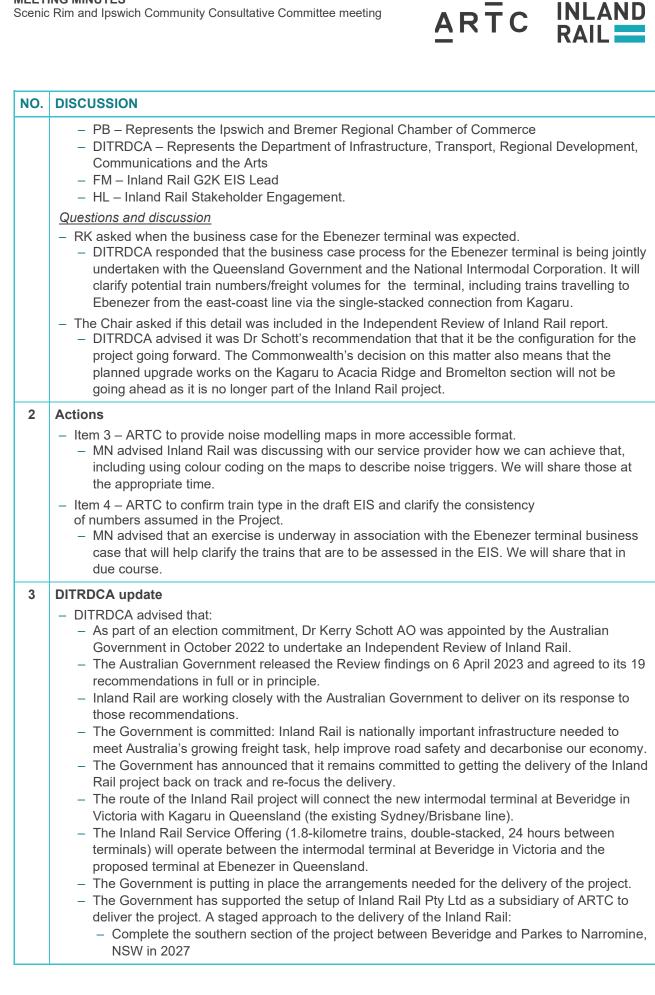
- Alison Duke-Gibb
- Jan McGregor

#### Guests

- Regional Development, Communications and (OCG) (MH) the Arts (DITRDCA) representative
- Department of Infrastructure, Transport,
   Michael Hawkins, Office of the Coordinator-General

## **Discussions**

DISCUSSION			
Welcome			
<ul> <li>The Chair delivered an Acknowledgement of Country, noting Aunty Narrella would provide another upon her arrival.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>The Chair welcomed members, observers and guests from DITRDCA and OCG.</li> </ul>			
- The Chair advised the meeting was being recorded for the purpose of preparing meeting minutes			
<ul> <li>The Chair noted apologies from members Alison Duke-Gibb and Jan McGregor.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>The Chair invited members and Inland Rail team members to introduce themselves and the group they represent.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>LJ – Inland Rail Stakeholder Engagement Lead</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>RK – Represents the Logan and Allbert Conservation Association and the Kagaru community</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>RT – Represents the community of Walloon and Rosewood</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>MN – Inland Rail Area Director for Gowrie to Kagaru (G2K) projects</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>BQ – Inland Rail Program Property Director</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>MH – Mick Hawkins, Office of the Coordinator General</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>RC – Represents the community of Willowbank and Mudapilly</li> </ul>			

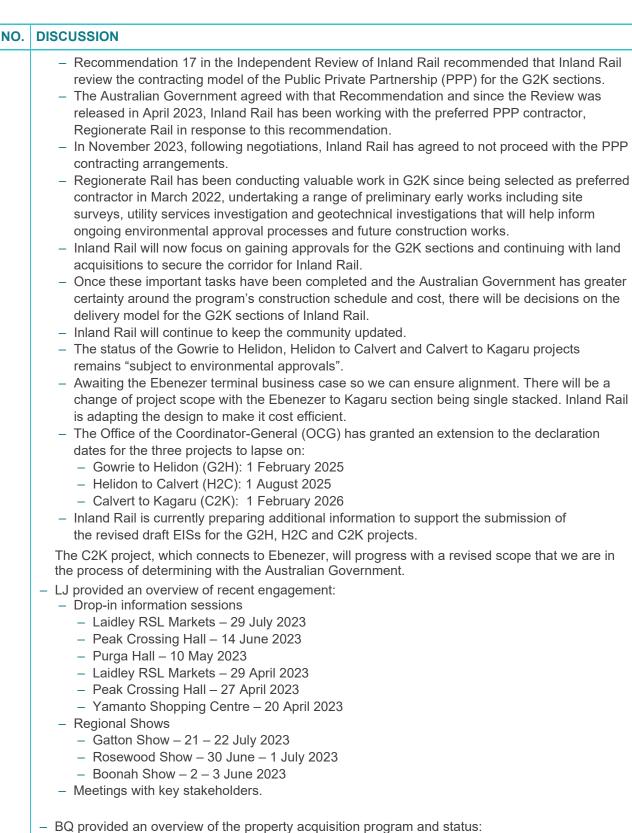


NO.	DISCUSSION
	<ul> <li>Complete Narrabri to North Star Phase 1, NSW in 2023</li> <li>Complete environmental planning approvals</li> <li>Undertake surveys and testing required to further inform the design of Inland Rail, environmental planning approvals and land acquisitions.</li> <li>Secure land required for the Inland Rail corridor.</li> <li>The Government will make further decisions on the delivery of Inland Rail as it has more certainty that the project can be built to an agreed budget and timeframe.</li> </ul>
	Questions and discussion
	<ul> <li>RK asked why the project still included Ebenezer to Kagaru as it could not be used to run Inland Rail trains as the Review recommended it not be able to accommodate heavier and longer trains.</li> <li>DITRDCA advised that the double-stacked 1,800-metre trains from Beveridge would come up on Inland Rail and stop at the Ebenezer terminal. Trains leaving Ebenezer, using the section of track between Ebenezer and Kagaru would be single stacked and of a length that is to be decided.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>MN advised that the maximum length of trains on the east-coast line was 1,500m.</li> <li>DITRDCA continued that the Ebenezer to Kagaru link would be built and allow single-stacked trains to run from Beveridge or elsewhere on Inland Rail to join the east-coast line at Kagaru.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>RK asked if there was a derailment on Inland Rail either west or south of Ebenezer and the train had to come up the east-coast time and then across.</li> <li>DITRDCA advised that the existing east-coast line couldn't accommodate double-stacked trains of that length so they wouldn't be able to come up that way.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>RK commented that the original route of Inland Rail had been extended to include Bromelton after ARTC purchased land there. She asked if ARTC still owned land at Bromelton and for what purpose as they were not a rail operator, fright carrier or development company.</li> <li>DITRDCA advised that ARTC still did own that land and will consider what the best use is for that land in the future.</li> <li>BQ clarified that the extension of Inland Rail to Bromelton did not come about because of the ARTC-owned land, it was because of the SCT freight intermodal terminal development at Bromelton.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>RT noted that the Inland Rail business case was undertaken in 2015. She asked if a new business case was going to be undertaken.</li> <li>DITRDCA advised that the decision that Inland Rail is required exists and there won't be a further business case. Going forward, we need to understand the cost and when it can get built.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>RT asked if the business case was one of the considerations of the review.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>DITRDCA responded that it was not a finding of Dr Schott – she recognised that there was a business case done and here was a need for Inland Rail, which still exists and becomes more relevant as Australia's population grows, particularly in South-East Queensland, which is our fastest-growing population centre. RT asked how Ebenezer was going to be able to handle the rail traffic and truck traffic associated with the terminal.</li> <li>DITRDCA advised that the Department of State Development needs to look at the extent of that site and what the development of that site is. Noted that the Ebenezer terminal development wasn't part of Inland Rail and would be subject to its own environmental and planning approval processes.</li> <li>The Chair added that this was the same sort of process that was applied when the area around the Bromelton estate was developed.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The Chair noted that Aunty Narrella had arrived, welcomed her to the meeting and invited her to deliver a Welcome to Country.</li> </ul>

ARTC INLAND RAIL



NO.	DISCUSSION	
	NS delivered a Welcome to Country on behalf of the Jagera and Turrbul people.	
	<ul> <li>RK noted that the Queensland an Australian government inter-governmental agreement was that there would be no coal trains on K2ARB – and by extrapolation Calvert to Kagaru (C2K) – until planning was done for the Salisbury-Beaudesert passenger rail project, or by agreement. She sought to clarify if the intergovernmental agreement still exists.</li> <li>DITRDCA replied that there will be trains on the Inland Rail route that run past Ebenezer and go either to the Port of Brisbane or to Newcastle. These will be single-stacked trains for a specific purpose, but they won't be the only freight in that corridor as existing freight trains will continue to use the east coast main line corridor.</li> <li>DITRDCA noted that the intergovernmental agreement is still live and a clear stipulation of it was there will be no coal on C2K to the east-coast line other than approved by the Queensland Government.</li> <li>RK noted the difficulty with co-locating the Salisbury-Beaudesert passenger line in the same</li> </ul>	
	corridor as the existing freight line as it is not wide enough. DITRDCA confirmed that working through competing train pathways is something that will need to be considered by the Queensland Government.	
	<ul> <li>RK asked whether G2K would still be constructed as a PPP.</li> <li>DITRDCA advised MN would address that in his presentation.</li> </ul>	
4	Inland Rail update	
	<ul> <li>MN provided an update on the actions Inland Rail was taking following the review:         <ul> <li>Formed in July 2023, Inland Rail Pty Ltd, a subsidiary of ARTC, is delivering Inland Rail</li> <li>comprises a Chief Executive reporting to a standalone Board</li> <li>subsidiary directors with specific capabilities appointed to oversee a project of this complexity.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The sections of Inland Rail between Beveridge in Victoria and Parkes in New South Wales have been prioritised by the Australian Government for completion by 2027.</li> <li>Inland Rail will then connect existing rail networks between Melbourne, Sydney, Perth, Adelaide and the Illawarra via Parkes and Narromine.</li> <li>In a staged approach, Inland Rail will focus on achieving environment approvals and securing land for the rail corridor to provide more certainty as to the delivery and full cost of the Inland Rail program.</li> <li>The Australian Government will determine the future delivery schedule for Inland Rail once approvals for all remaining sections are obtained and there is greater certainty on costs to deliver the Program.</li> <li>Inland Rail is working with State and Australian Governments to expedite environmental approvals processees where possible to help reduce construction delays.</li> <li>As a subsidiary of ARTC, Inland Rail Pty Ltd operates with its own governance and delivery arrangements in line with the Inland Rail Review         <ul> <li>Inland Rail's board comprises:</li> <li>Executive Chair Robert Rust</li> <li>Deputy Chair Louise Thurgood</li> <li>Directors Erin Flaherty, James Cain, Vivienne King and Peter Duncan</li> </ul> </li> <li>The board members have been chosen for their skills, qualifications, knowledge and experience, including in the delivery of nationally significant freight infrastructure projects.</li> <li>Revised EISs for G2K and NSW/Qld Bord</li></ul>	

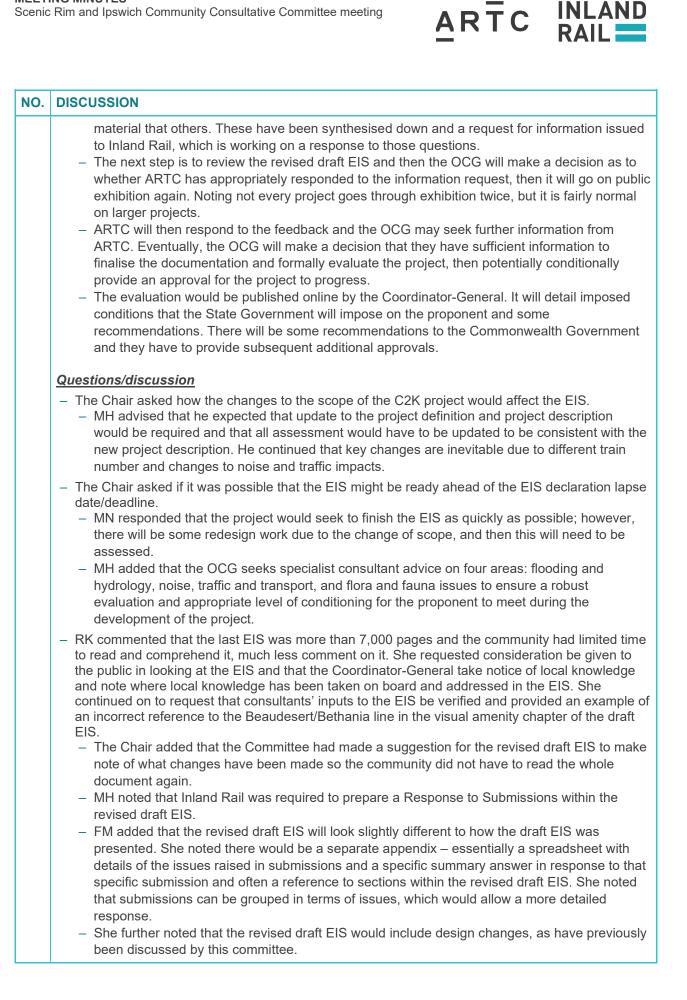


 The Schott Review provided clear direction to continue work securing the corridor, including the acquisition of required land.

ARTC INLAND

NO.	DISCUSSION
	<ul> <li>A program of early acquisition work is currently underway and will continue on a considered basis. To be suitable for early acquisition, land will be of demonstrable strategic benefit and / or associated with a genuine case of hardship for the landholder.</li> <li>Compulsory land acquisition processes for the rail corridor will be undertaken by the Department of Transport and Main Roads (DTMR). Inland Rail does not have the power to compulsorily acquire land directly.</li> <li>The process of acquisition, landowner rights and the assessment of compensation is guided by the Acquisition of Land Act 1967. Noted affected landowners are entitled to be reimbursed for things like legal fees, valuation fees, costs associated with actually going through the negotiation and eventually concluding it.</li> <li>Compulsory acquisition of land by DTMR will not commence until the final EIS is accepted and the Evaluation Report has been released.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Questions and discussion</li> <li>The Chair noted that she had seen the Inland Rail construction down around Moree and she had compared them with photos of the flooding and the rail line remains intact.</li> <li>MN responded that Inland Rail was seeking to build the project to be flood immune for the infrastructure's purposes and also not to create additional flooding impacts for adjacent landowners and general community.</li> <li>RK asked whether the ongoing maintenance of C2K would now fall to ARTC on the cessation of</li> </ul>
	the PPP arrangement. – MN confirmed it would. <u>Observer questions</u>
	<ul> <li>Observer asked if there was any concept of how much land would be required for the Ebenezer terminal.</li> <li>DITRDCA advised that the purpose of the business case would be to work out where and what the footprint of the terminal would be. Noted that the Queensland Government owned existing land in that area.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Observer asked if the land referred to was "Ten Mile Swamp".</li> <li>DITRDCA responded that they believed it was.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Observer commented on the significance of this area from an environmental and heritage perspective.</li> <li>DITRDCA responded that the development at Ebenezer would be subject to environmental and planning processes.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Observer asked why environmental approval had not been sought prior to purchase.</li> <li>DITRDCA noted it could not respond on behalf of the Queensland Government.</li> <li>BQ added that it was not unusual to purchase land without an approval in place. MH confirmed that some form of environmental impact assessment would be required for a large-scale development at the Ebenezer site.</li> </ul>
5	Office of the Coordinator-General update
	<ul> <li>MH provided an overview of the role of the Office of the Coordinator-General (OCG) and the project evaluation process:</li> <li>OCG evaluate coordinator projects – complex projects going through an approvals process, that don't have another home in government.</li> <li>Following the release of the draft EIS, the OCG received comments from individuals, state government agencies, Councils and the Commonwealth on a range of tops – some more</li> </ul>

ARTC INLAND RAIL





NO.	DISCUSSION	
	<ul> <li>She advised that at the beginning of each chapter, the key design changes relating to the assessments and the key themes/issues raised in submissions would be signposted.</li> <li>RK asked when the National Intermodal Company was formed and, aside from the Ebenezer terminal, what other functions were in its scope.</li> <li>DITRDCA advised they would take the year it was formed on notice but noted it was a company that had been specifically established by the Commonwealth to look at, build and operate independent open access rail terminals. It has history in developing the Moorebank Intermodal Terminal and was responsible for the development of the Beveridge terminal in Victoria.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>RK enquired as to the name of the other terminal in Melbourne that was unable to accommodate double-stacked trains.</li> <li>DITRDCA advised that terminal was the Western Intermodal Freight Terminal (WIFT), in Truganina. How that terminal will be developed is still in discussion between the Commonwealth and Victorian government.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>RK asked at what point does someone consider the cost of Inland Rail and decide whether it is actually viable.</li> <li>DITRDCA advise that as the design cost reviews will be undertaken to provide more certainty to the Government as to when the project will be delivered and how much it will cost. The Government will consider these and make decisions on the future delivery of Inland Rail and staging of the delivery.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>RK sought confirmation that the work underway in NSW was upgrading existing corridors.</li> <li>DITRDCA advised that construction was underway between Beveridge and Parkes because there was an existing rail line there and most of it is of the standard required for double stacked freight trains but there needed to be some widening, bridge upgrades and work on station precincts to allow for safe passage of freight trains and passenger trains. It is a series of place-based projects as opposed to building a complete railway line from the dirt up.</li> <li>DITRDCA provided an overview of the Inland Rail greenfield and brownfield projects.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>RK asked whether the government might decide to stop Inland Rail at Queensland.</li> <li>DITRCA replied that the Government has stated that Inland Rail remains a nationally important project. It was a challenge for the Government. Inland Rail is about long-range, intercapita freight. It is about getting goods to Queensland, predominantly; into the growing population centres; and moving basically non-perishable goods that are consumables. Inland Rail will pick up freight traffic from along the route and with trains able to join and leave the route providing improved network access and connectivity. But the intercapita movement of goods are critical to meeting the growing freight task.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>RK asked whether the business case and purpose of Inland Rail will stand up against the scrutiny of the overall cost.</li> <li>DITRDCA replied that things had changed since the original business case was done in 2015. COVID placed the freight network under extreme pressure and brought to the fore the need for rail and Inland Rail. The significant floods experiences across the country in recent years had also highlighted the need to ensure we have a resilient rail network. Inland Rail as the spine from Melbourne to Brisbane would be a very significant part of this.</li> </ul>	
6	General business and questions	
	<ul> <li>Observer asked a question regarding the Ebenezer terminal and whether there had been discussion with the Department of Transport and Main Roads regarding the Cunningham Highway in this area.</li> <li>DITRDCA confirmed that roads are a critical consideration in any terminal development and that the business case and design for Ebenezer would have to accommodate roads in and o of the terminal.</li> </ul>	



NO.	DISCUSSION	
7	Conclusion and confirmation of actions	
	<ul> <li>LJ advised that she had only recorded one action, for "DITRDCA to confirm when the National Intermodal Terminal was formed". However, going from the website, it looks to be in Feb 2022, that is closed.</li> <li>DITRDCA has advised that, the National Intermodal Corporation (National Intermodal) was established by the Australian Government on 24 February 2022 with a mandate to support the delivery and operation of intermodal terminals in Melbourne and Brisbane. The National</li> </ul>	
	Intermodal Company was previously the Moorebank Intermodal Company.	
	<ul> <li>The Chair thanked guest speakers, members and observers for their attendance.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>The Chair advised of the intention to review the committee in early 2024 including consideration of new members and whether some people may be tired and want to step down.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>The Chair wished everyone a very Merry Christmas and safe festive season.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>The Chair closed the meeting at 7.00pm.</li> </ul>	

# Actions

NO.	ACTIONS	ACTION BY	DUE DATE
1	ARTC to provide noise modelling maps in more accessible format.	Inland Rail	TBC
2	ARTC to confirm train type in the draft EIS and clarify the consistency of numbers assumed in the Project.	Inland Rail	TBC